

Engineering and the Modern World

Transformation of Society by Engineering

CEE 102: Prof. Michael G. Littman

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Computers allowed for NOTETAKING ONLY
Please - NO Cell Phones, Texting, Internet use

Language, History, and Meaning of Engineering

Scientific: formulas
relationships

Social: innovators
changes in society

Symbolic: images
changes in vision



Language, History, and Meaning of Engineering

Scientific: formulas
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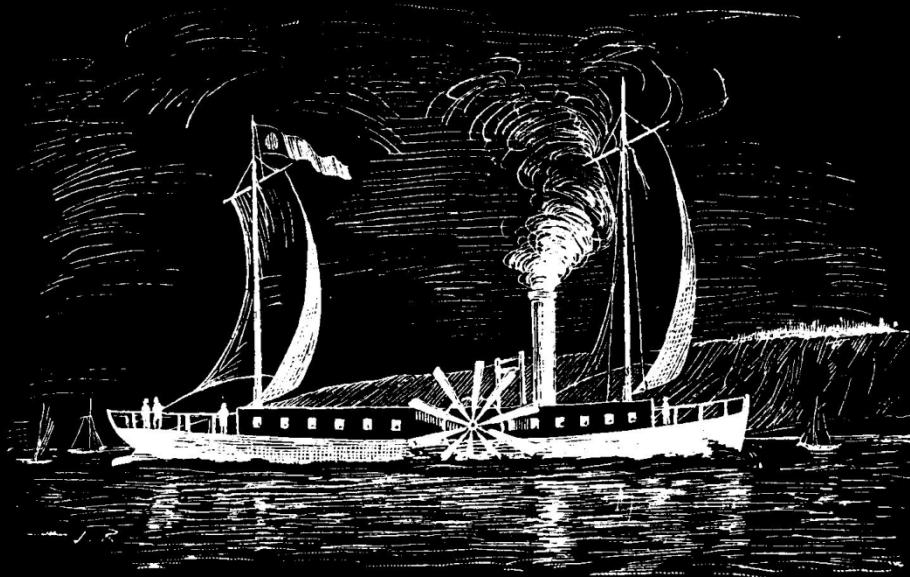
Symbolic

Transformation of Vision

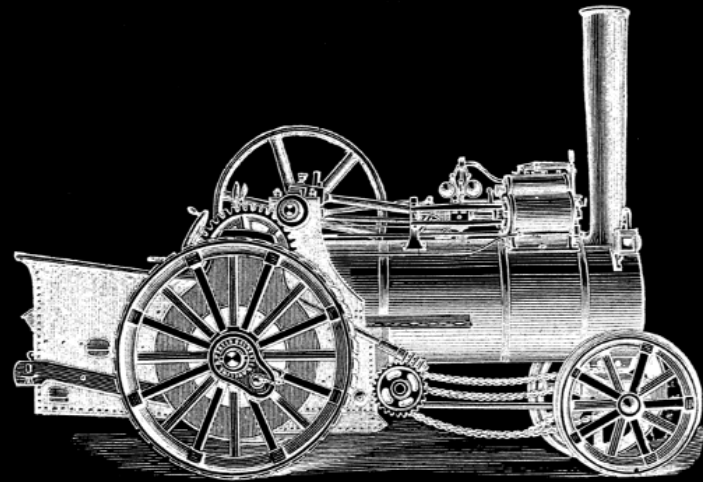
Thomas Cole

1828 - 1846

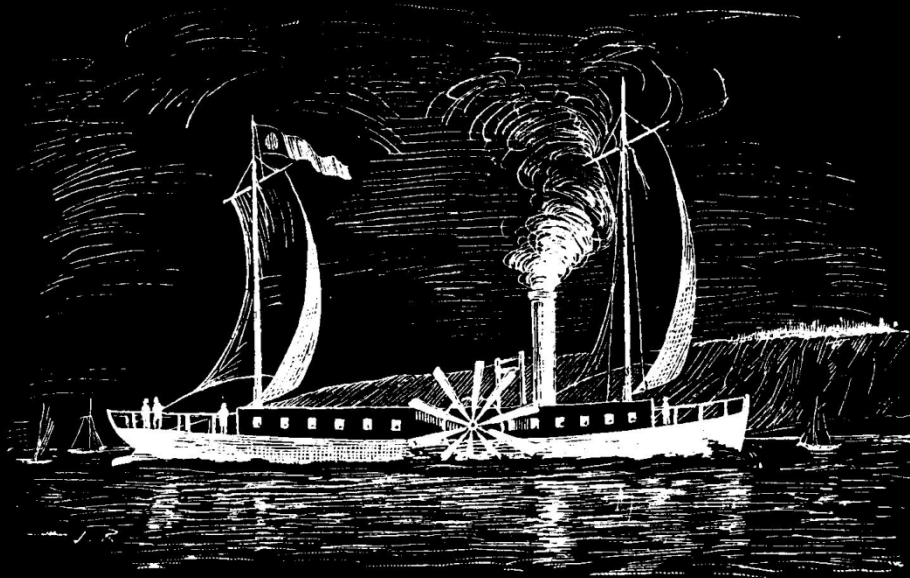




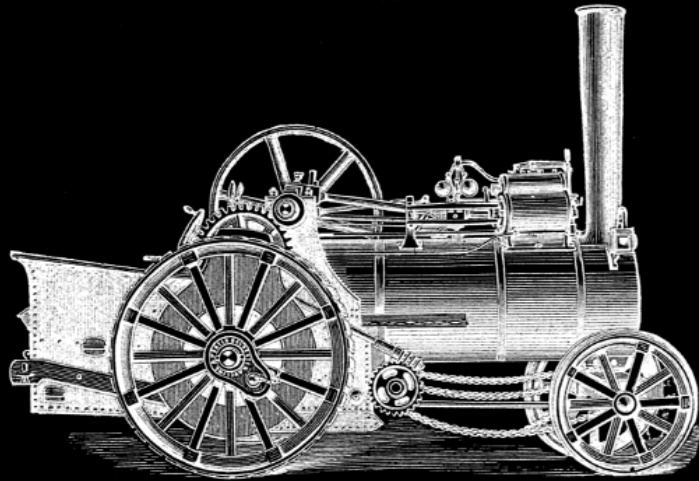
Steamboat — artist to landscape



Steam Tractor — tames nature



Steamboat — artist to landscape



Steam Tractor — tames nature

Building an Urban Society

structures

machines

networks

processes



Building an Urban Society

structures

machines

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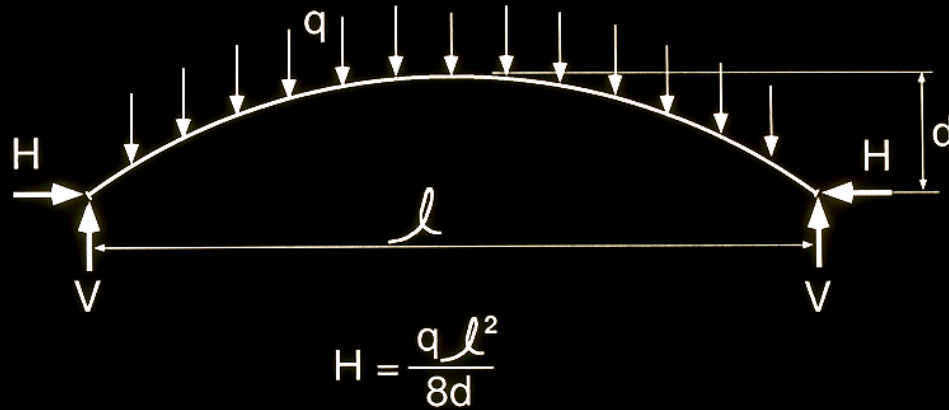
Scientific

Transformation of Nature



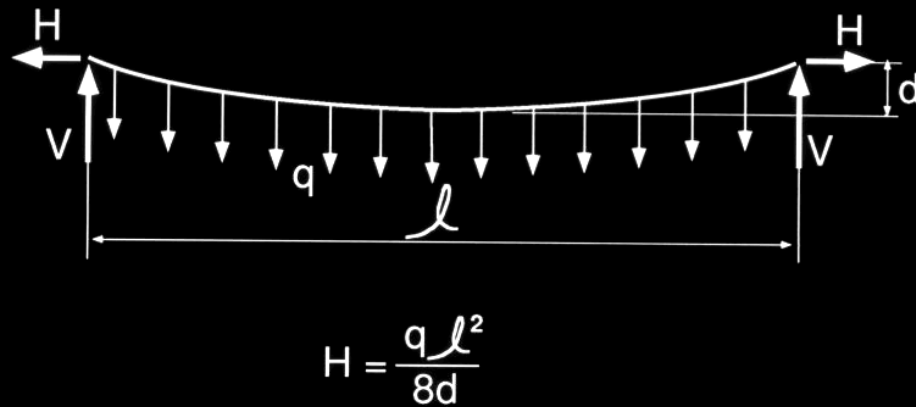
Thomas Telford

1814 – 1826



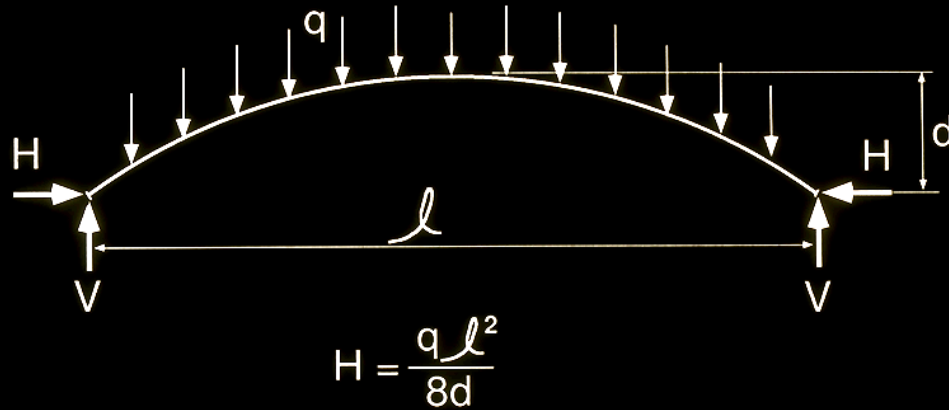
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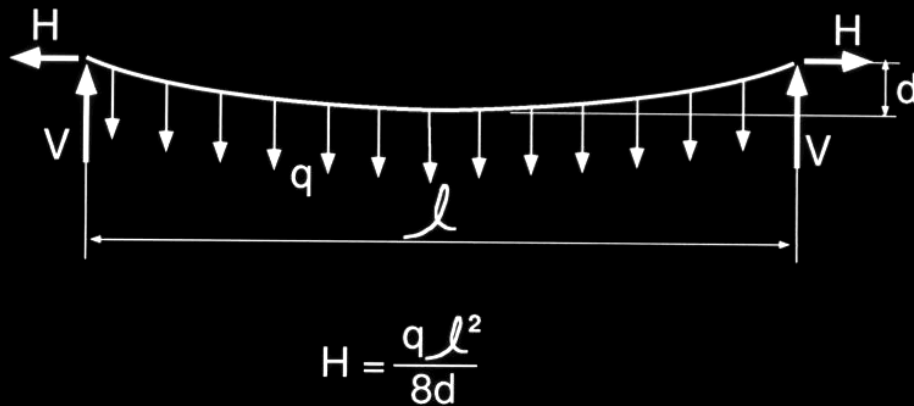


Structures: Cable or Arch

Vertical Deck Weight : $q l$

Transformed by Form : l / d

Into Horizontal Force : H





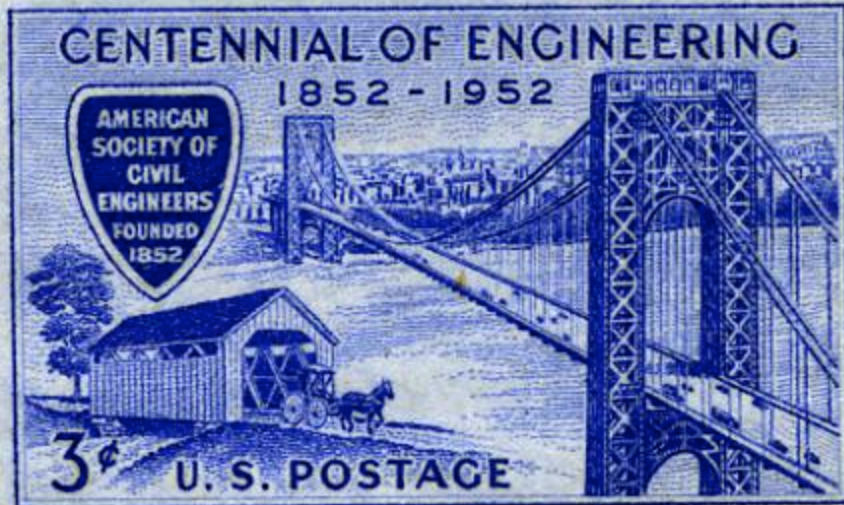
George Washington Bridge - 1931

Structures: Cable or Arch

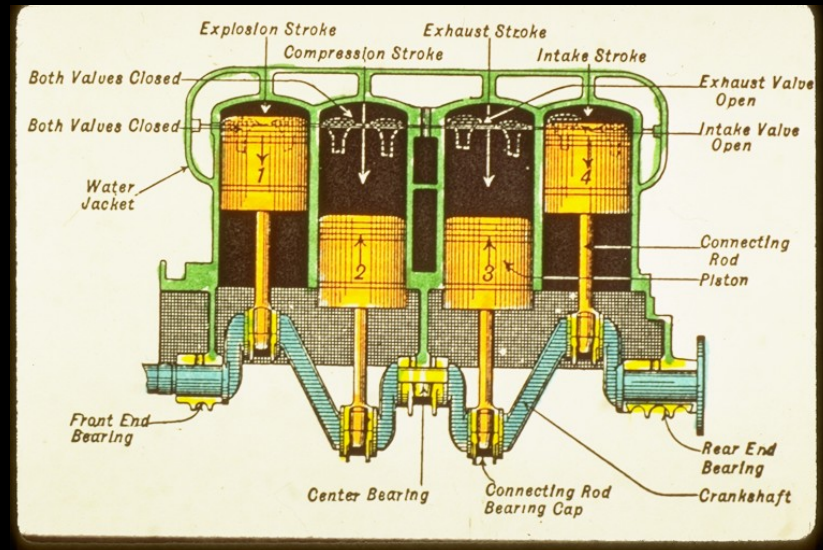
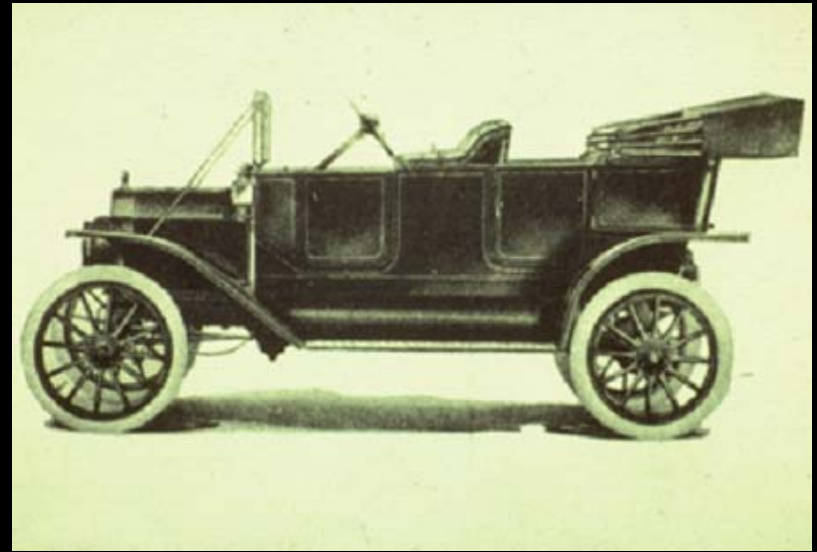
Vertical Deck Weight : $q l$

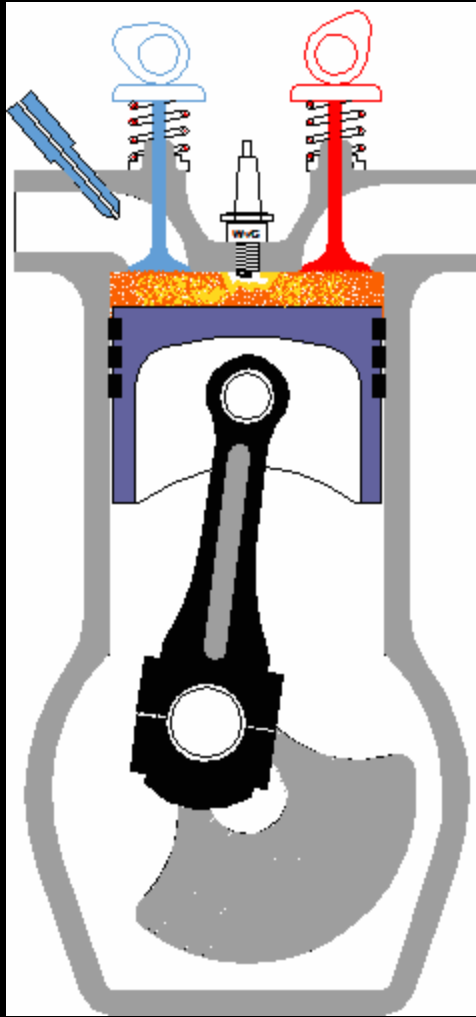
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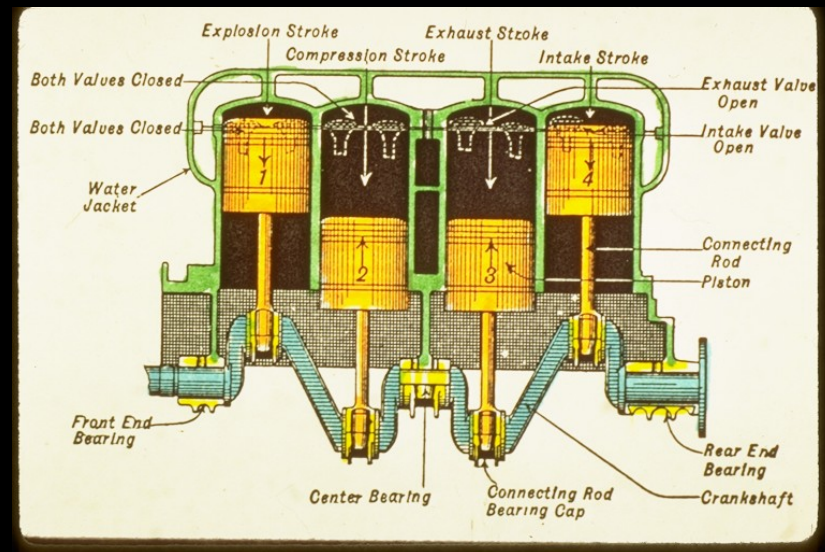
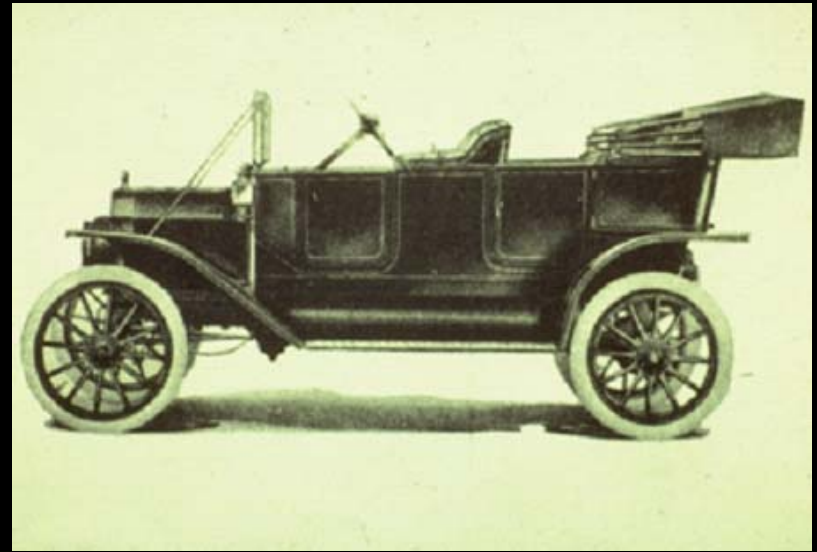


George Washington Bridge - 1931

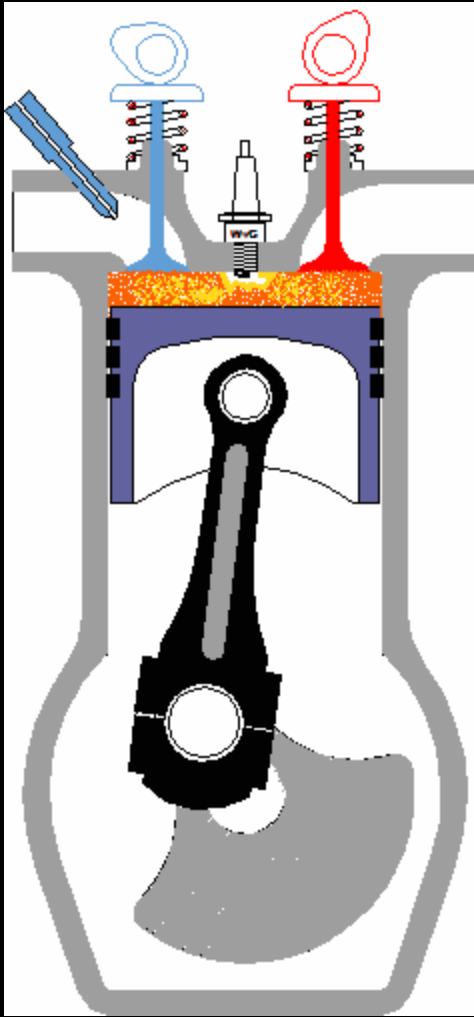




P = pressure
 L = stroke
 A = area
 N = frequency



Thermodynamics: Heat to Work



P = pressure
 L = stroke
 A = area
 N = frequency

Machines: Piston Engine

Piston Force : $P A$

Maintained at Speed : $L N$

Transformed to Horsepower : H_p

Thermodynamics: Heat to Work



Electric generator

Steam turbine

Machines: Piston Engine

Piston Force : $P A$

Maintained at Speed : $L N$

Transformed to Horsepower : H_p

Coal-Fired Steam to Electricity



Electric generator

This photograph shows the interior of a large industrial facility, likely a power plant. In the foreground, a large, dark, cylindrical component, identified as the steam turbine, is visible. A red arrow points from the text label 'Electric generator' to a large, light-colored, rectangular component in the background, which is the electric generator. The floor is concrete, and there are various pipes and structural elements visible.

Steam turbine

This photograph shows the interior of a large industrial facility, likely a power plant. In the foreground, a large, dark, cylindrical component, identified as the steam turbine, is visible. A red arrow points from the text label 'Steam turbine' to the same component. The floor is concrete, and there are various pipes and structural elements visible.



Coal-Fired Steam to Electricity

Networks: Electric Generator

$$P_{\text{Watts}} = V I$$

Generator Voltage : V

Maintained at Current : I

Transformed to Power : P_{Watts}



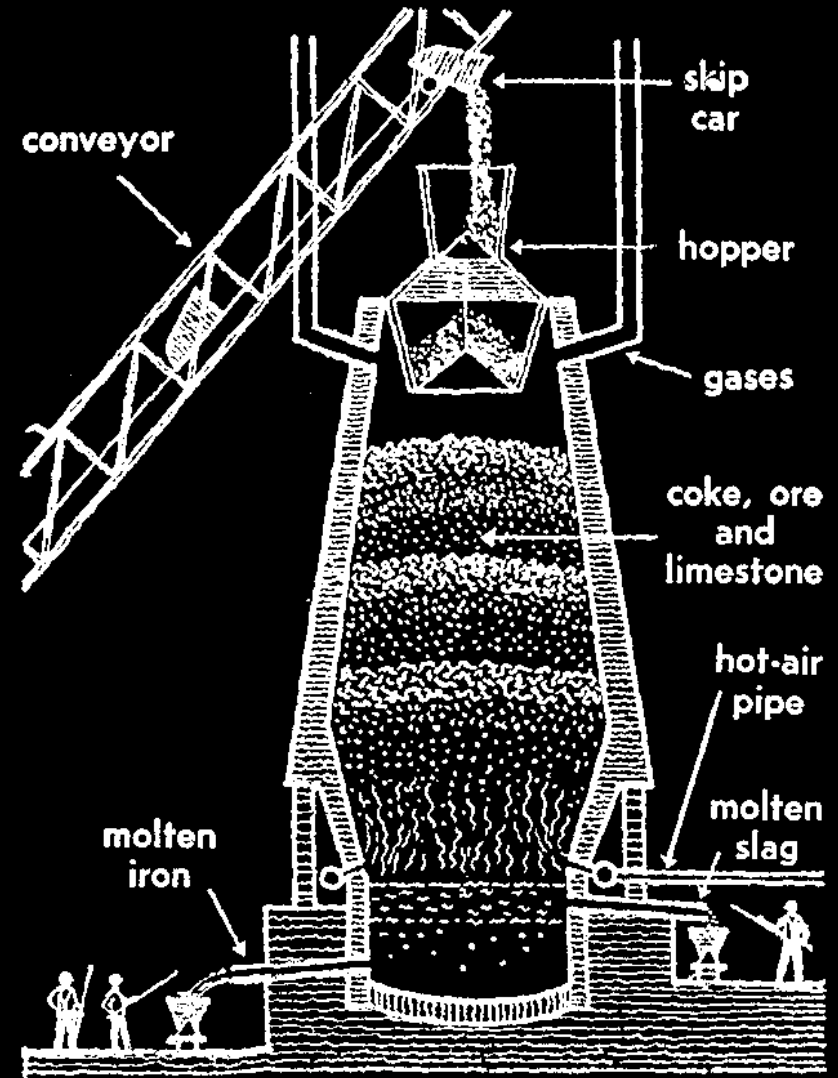
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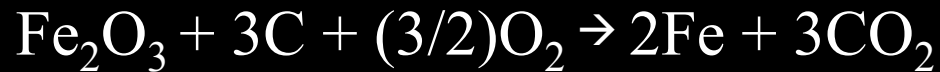
Maintained at Current : I

Transformed to Power : P_{Watts}



Coal-Fired Hematite (Fe_2O_3) to Iron

Process: Blast Furnace

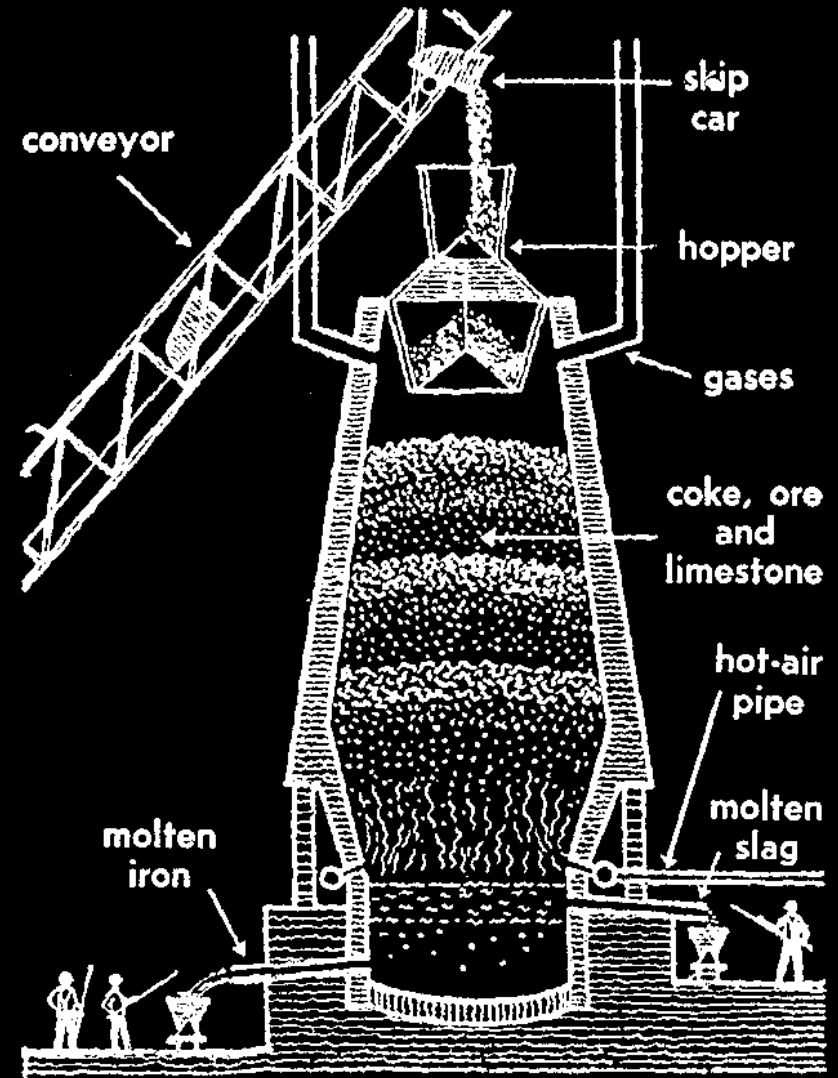


Iron Ore : Fe_2O_3

Heated with Coal (Coke) : C

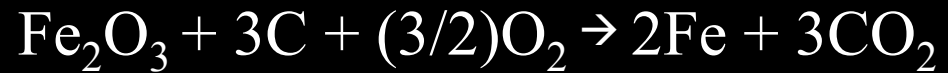
and Air : O_2

Transformed into Iron : Fe



Coal-Fired Hematite (Fe_2O_3) to Iron

Process: Blast Furnace



Iron Ore : Fe_2O_3

Heated with Coal (Coke) : C

and Air : O_2

Transformed into Iron : Fe







Social

Transformation of Society

Structures and Machines

Politics of Public Works

Economics of Private Enterprise



Social

Transformation of Society

Structures and Machines

Politics of Public Works

Economics of Private Enterprise



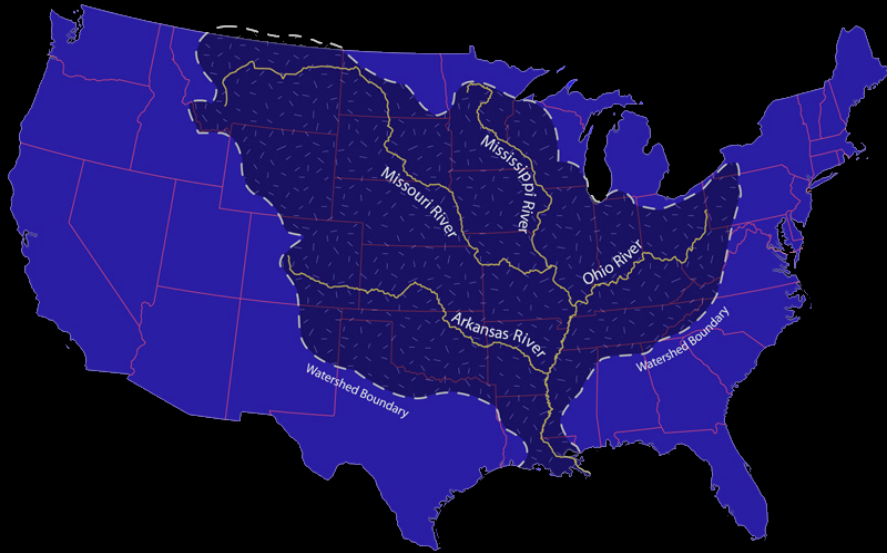
Social

Transformation of Society

Networks and Processes

Industry Restructures Regions

Public Resources and Private Profit



Social

Transformation of Society

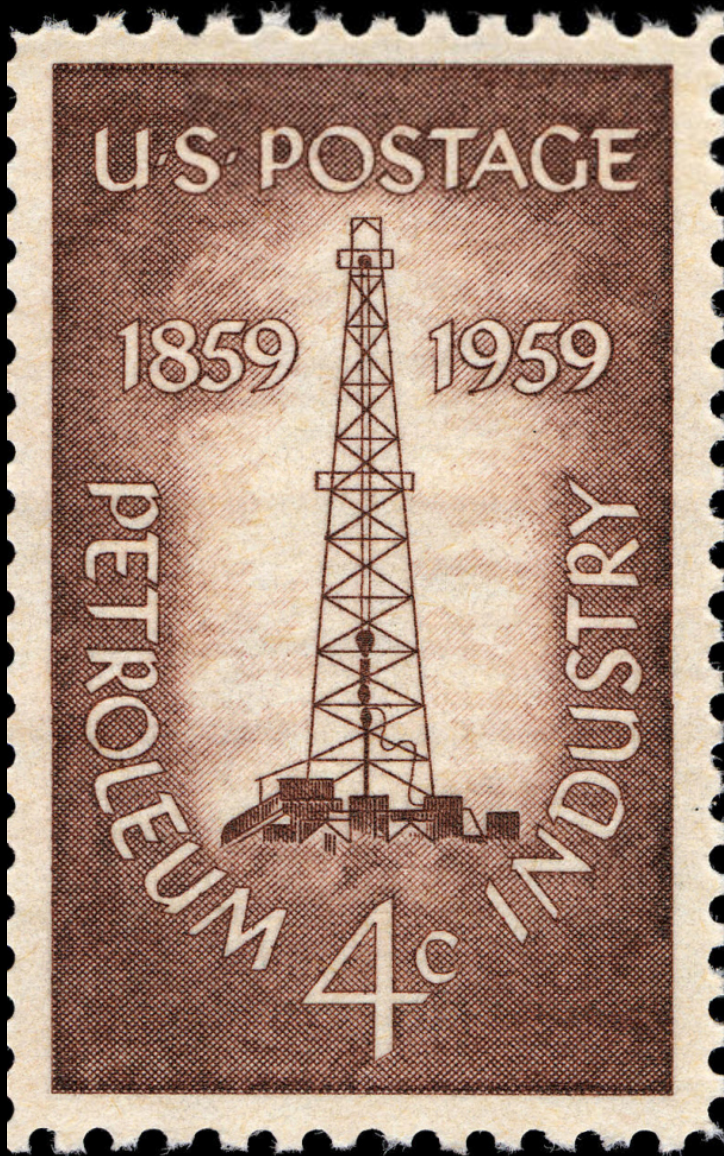


Networks and Processes

Industry Restructures Regions

Public Resources and Private Profit

Transportation: River to Rail



Social

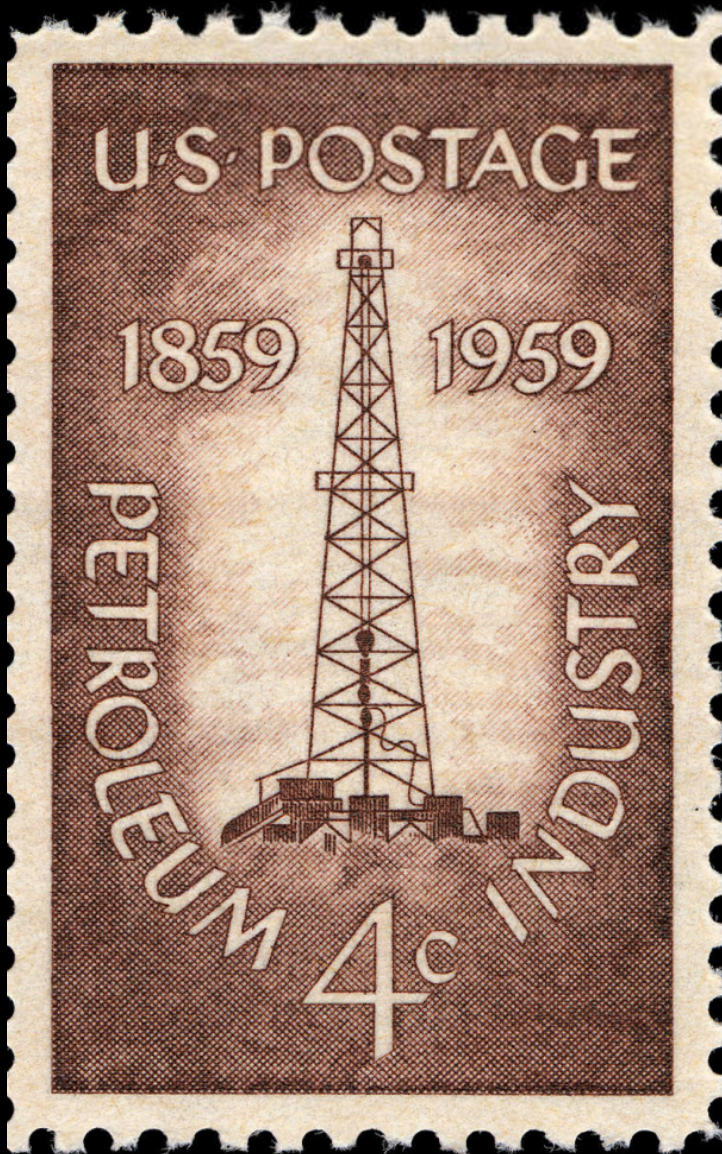
Transformation of Society

Networks and Processes

Industry Restructures Regions

Public Resources and Private Profit

Resources: Oil to Wealth



Resources: Oil to Wealth

Social

Transformation of Society



Politics: Territorial Development

Age of Iron and Steel

1. Independence, Iron, and Industry: 1776 – 1855
2. Connecting the Continent: 1830 – 1876

Age of Power and Speed

3. The Rise of the Great American Industries: 1876 – 1939
4. Regional Restructuring: 1921 – 1964
5. Information and Infrastructure: 1946 –

Social

Transformation of Society



Politics: Territorial Development

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Independence, Iron, & Industry **1776 - 1855**

Fulton, Livingston
and the steamboat

Lowell, Francis
and textiles

Stephenson, Thomson
and railroads



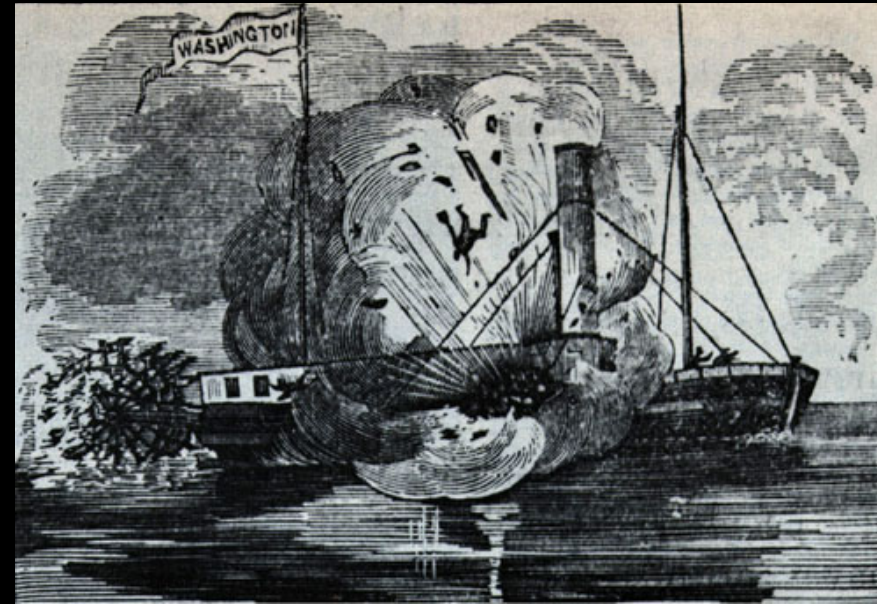


“The whole of France fits into the Mississippi Basin six times over.”



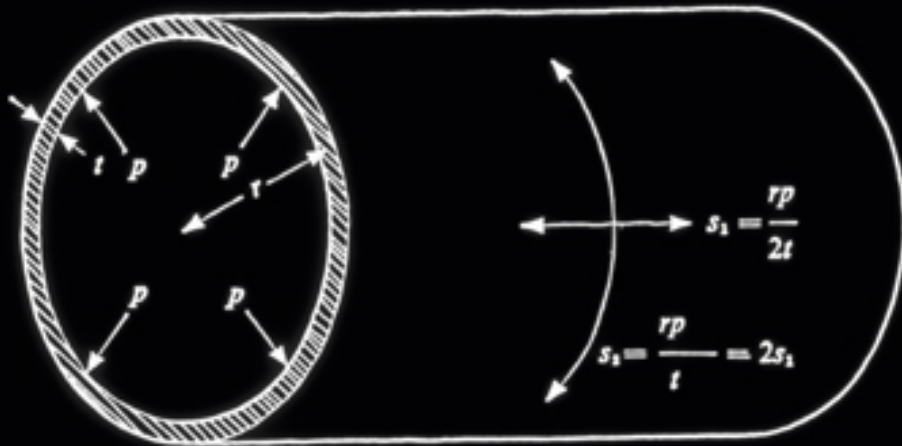


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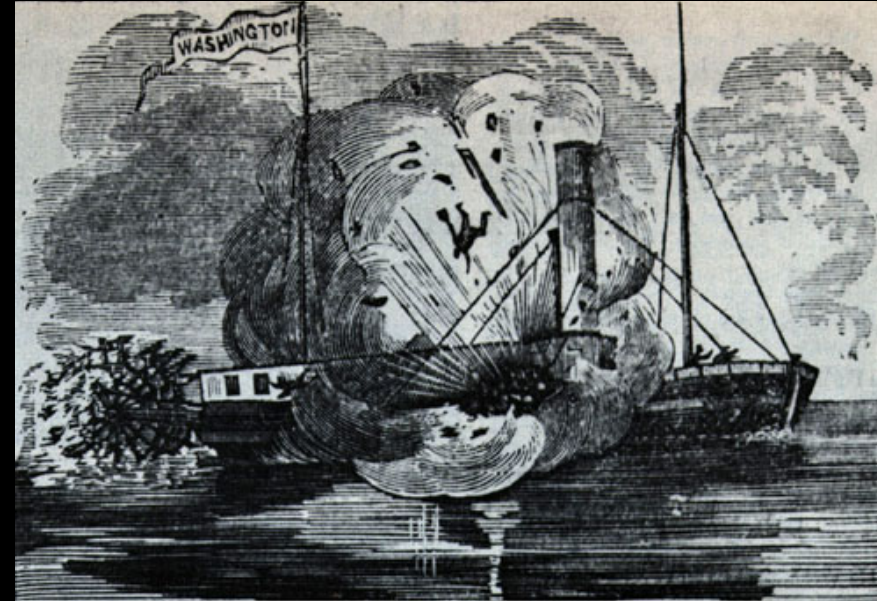


Mississippi River 1824

Economics versus Safety

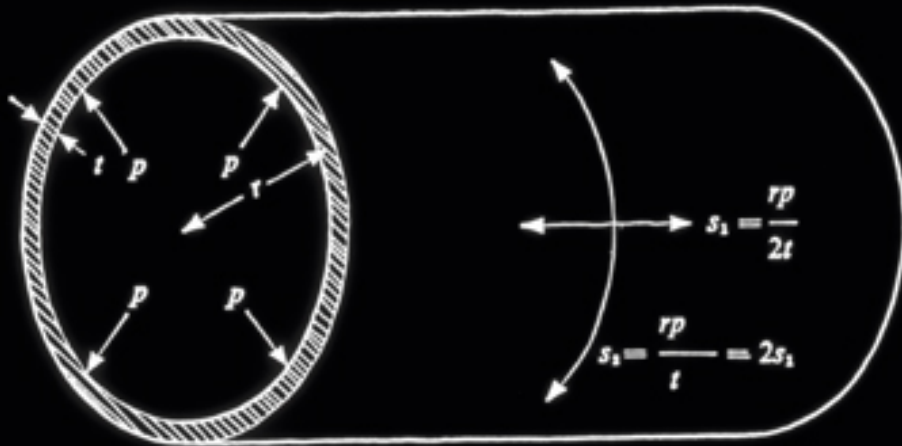


$$f_1 = \frac{Pr}{h}$$



Mississippi River 1824

Economics versus Safety



Boiler Explosions

Franklin Institute

STRESSES

Alfred Guthrie

STATISTICS

Mark Twain

STORIES

$$f_1 = \frac{Pr}{h}$$

Boiler Explosions

Franklin Institute

STRESSES

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Mark Twain

STORIES





Connecting the Continent 1830 - 1876

Stanford
and the continental railroad

Henry, Morse
and the telegraph

Carnegie, Holley
and steel rails





Federal Highway Act - 1956

Transportation: Rail to Road



1950



1971



Federal Highway Act - 1956

Transportation: Rail to Road

The Rise of the Great Industries 1876 - 1939

SPEED

Ford and Model T

The Wright Brothers and Flyer

Douglas and DC - 3



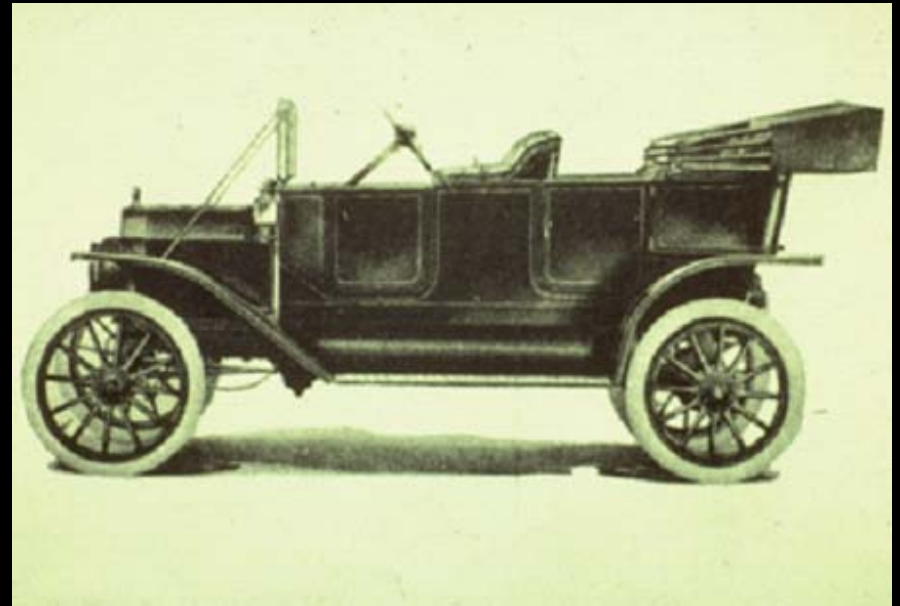
The Rise of the Great Industries 1876 - 1939

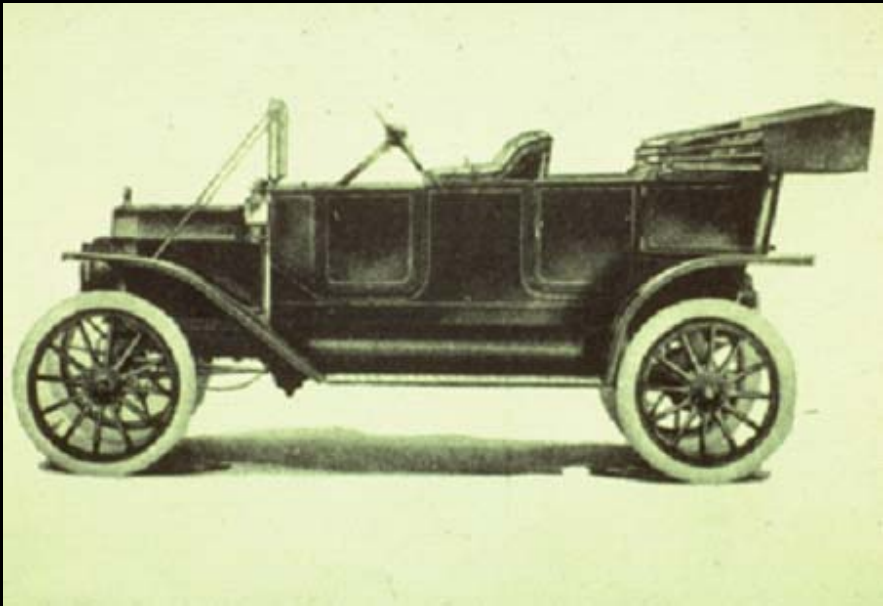
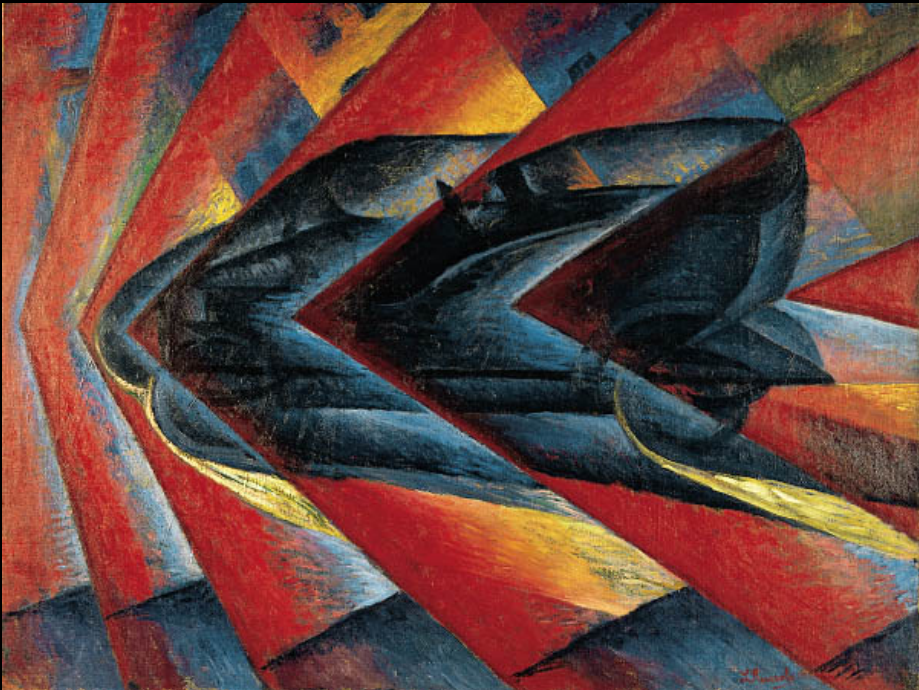
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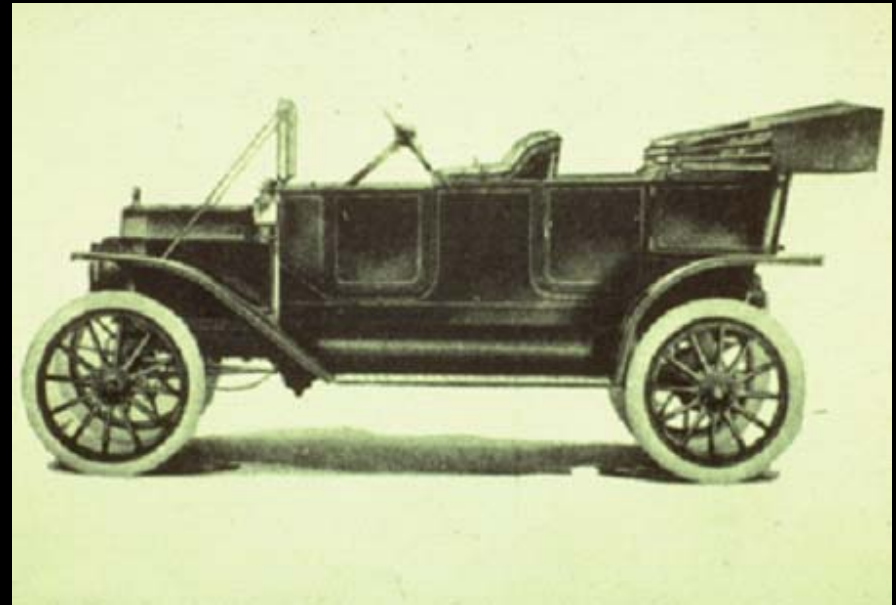


The Rise of the Great Industries 1876 - 1939

POWER

Edison, Westinghouse
and electricity

Rockefeller, Burton
and oil refining



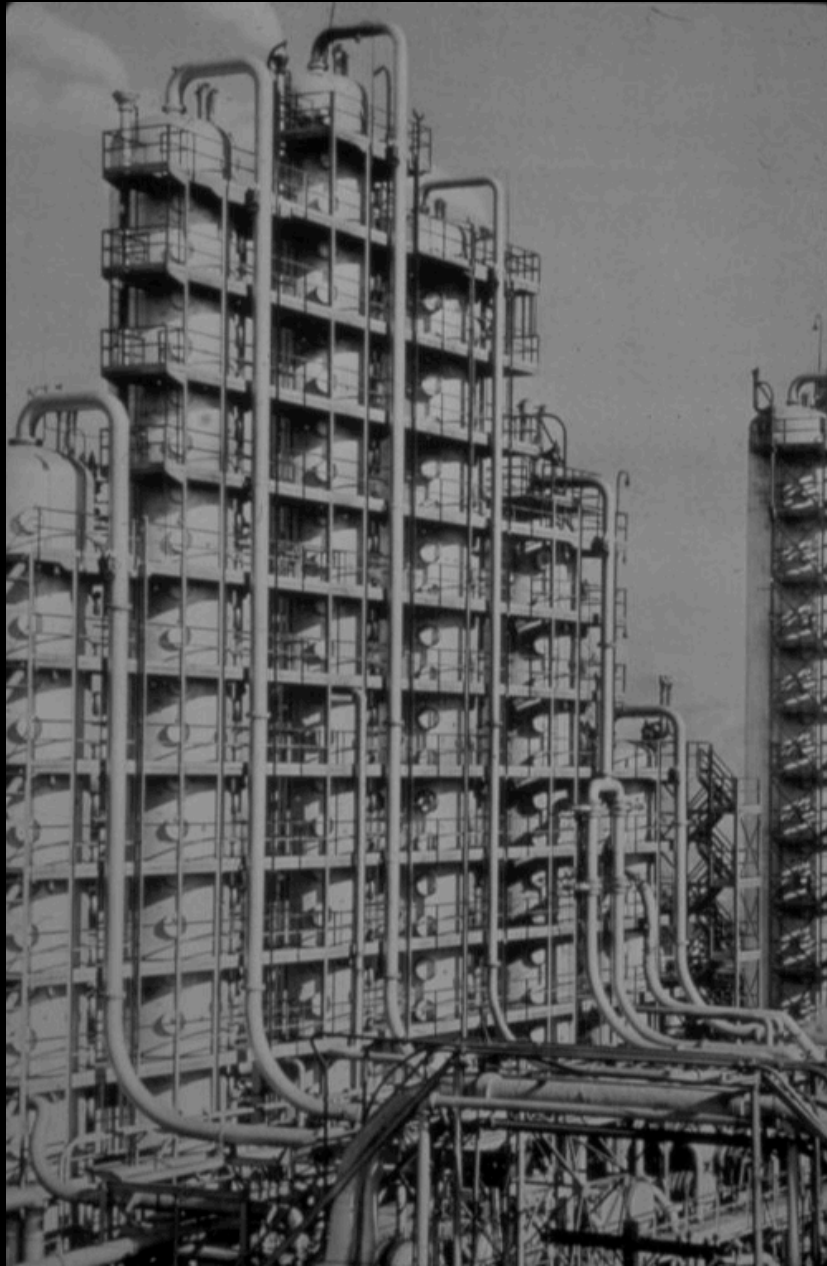
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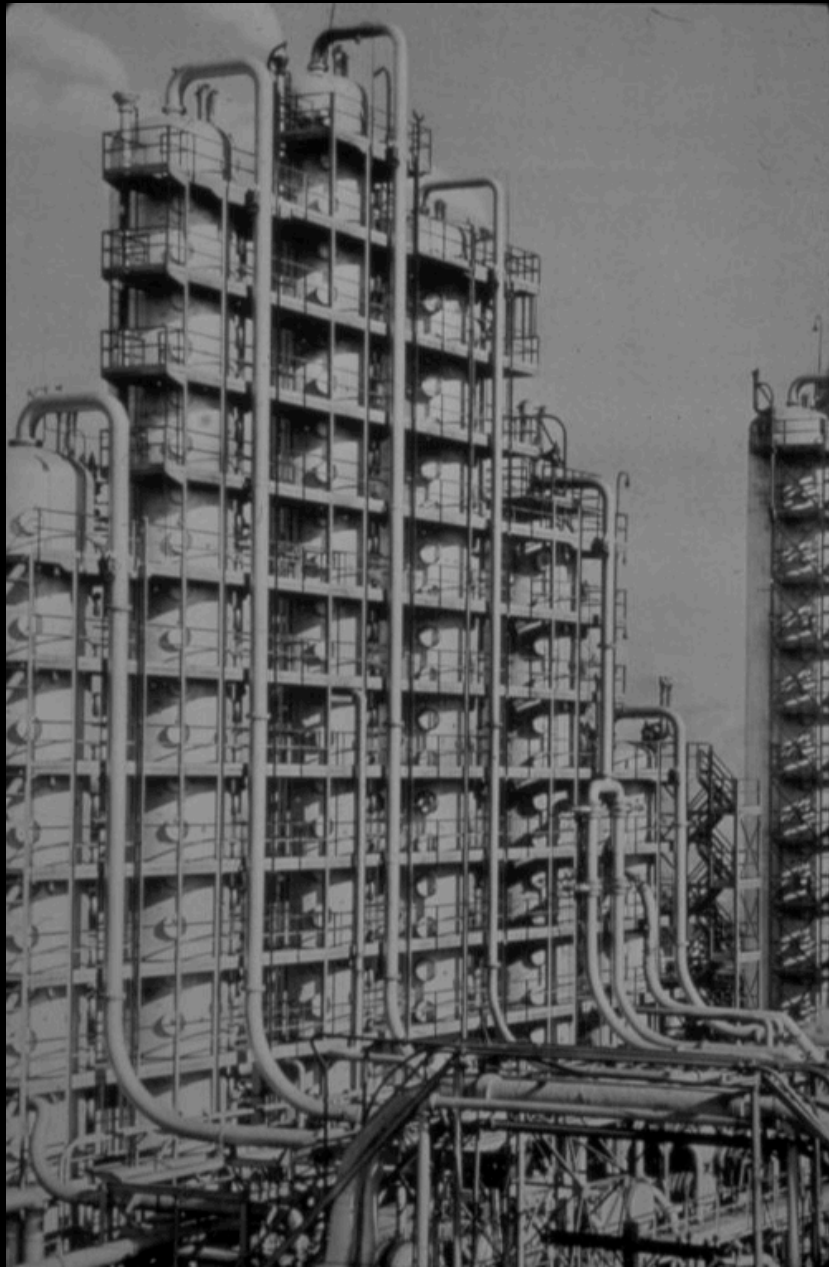
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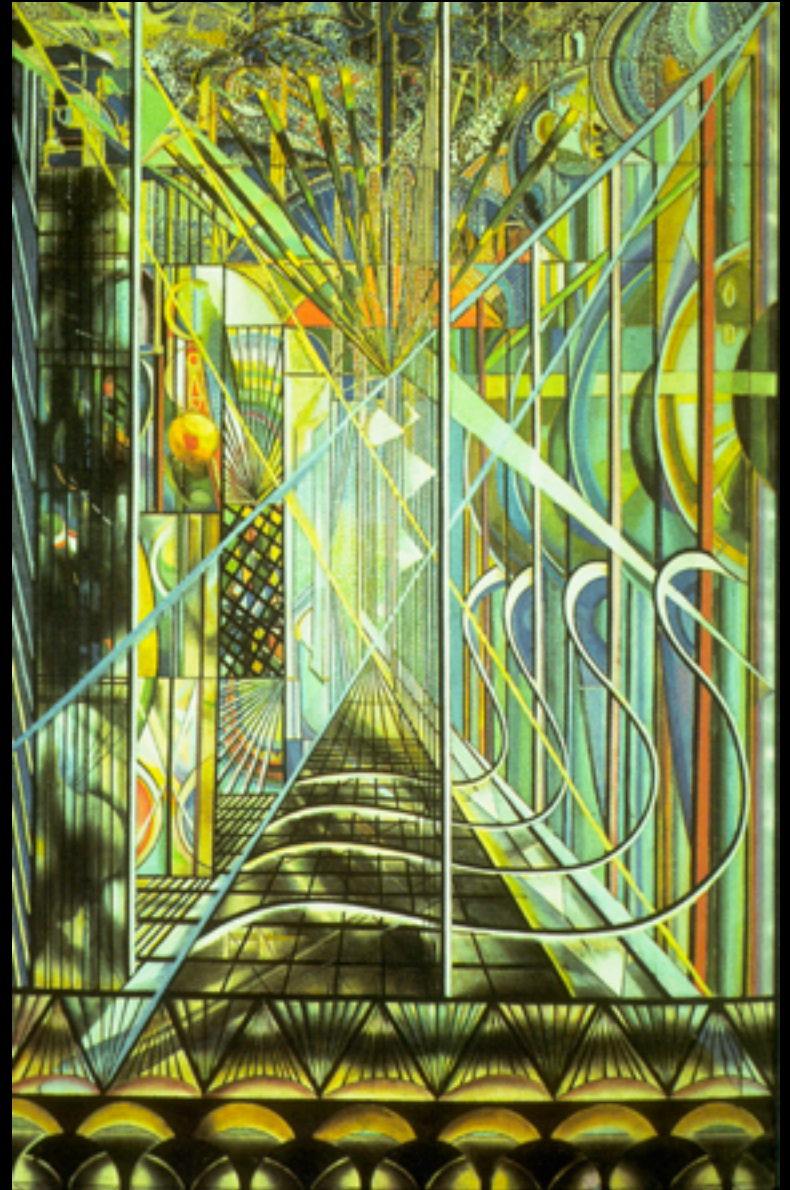








Hoover Dam lit by its own Power





Hoover Dam lit by its own Power

Regional Restructuring 1921 - 1964

POWER

Morgan and Lilienthal
and Tennessee Valley Authority

Crowe
Hoover Dam and Los Angeles

Regional Restructuring
1921 - 1964

SPEED

Ammann

and the Port Authority of NY & NJ

Douglas

Streamline, Shapes, and Style

Regional Restructuring
1921 - 1964

POWER

Morgan and Lilienthal

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Regional Restructuring 1921 - 1964

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Streamline, Shapes, and Style





Santa Clara Valley





Santa Clara Valley





Santa Clara Valley



Silicon Valley

Information and Infrastructure 1946 –

INFORMATION

Kilby, Noyce
and the integrated circuit

Turing, Von Neumann
and the computer



Silicon Valley

Information and Infrastructure 1946 –

INFORMATION

Kilby, Noyce
and the integrated circuit

Turing, Von Neumann
and the computer







The Microchip

1958—**The monolithic idea:**

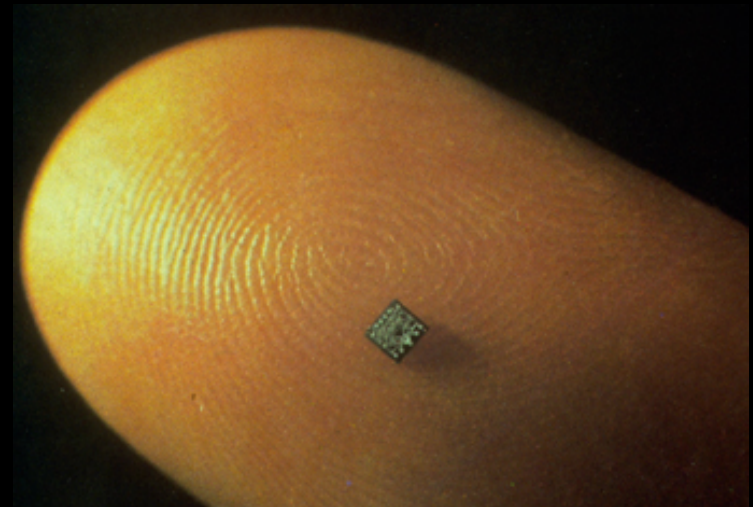
Jack St. Clair Kilby

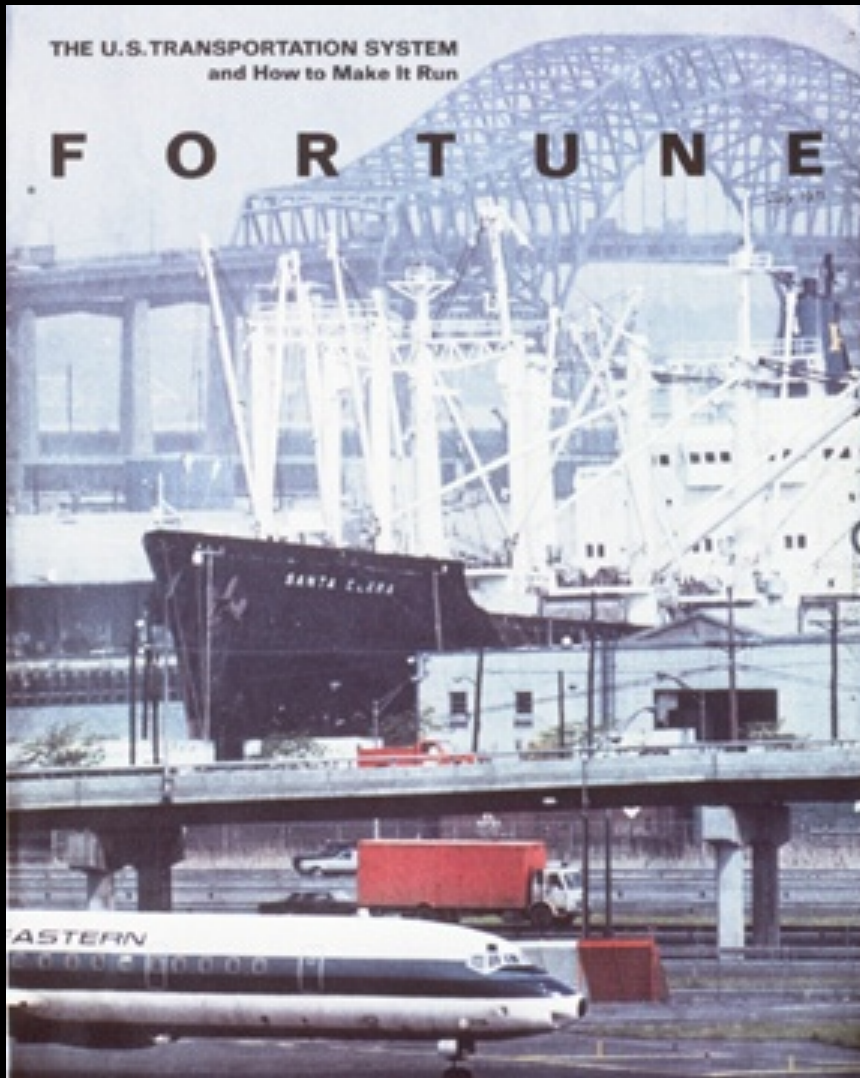
TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

1959—**The integrated circuit:**

Robert Noyce

FAIRCHILD





Infrastructure

- River and Rail
- Road and Airway
- Grid and Pipeline

The Microchip

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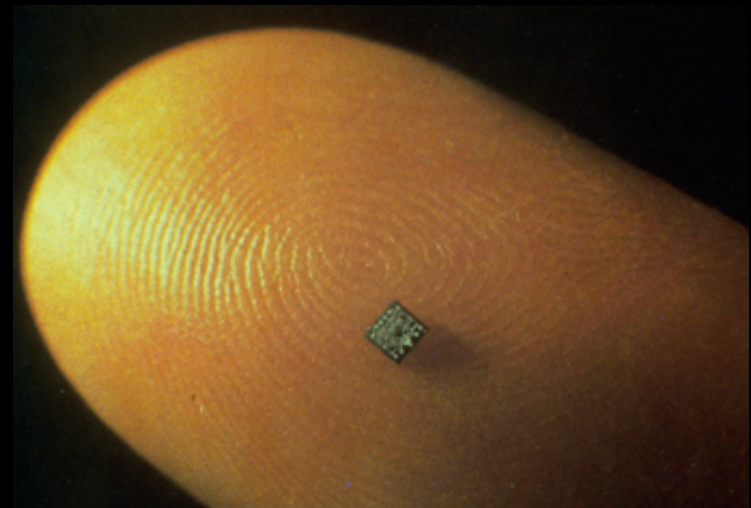
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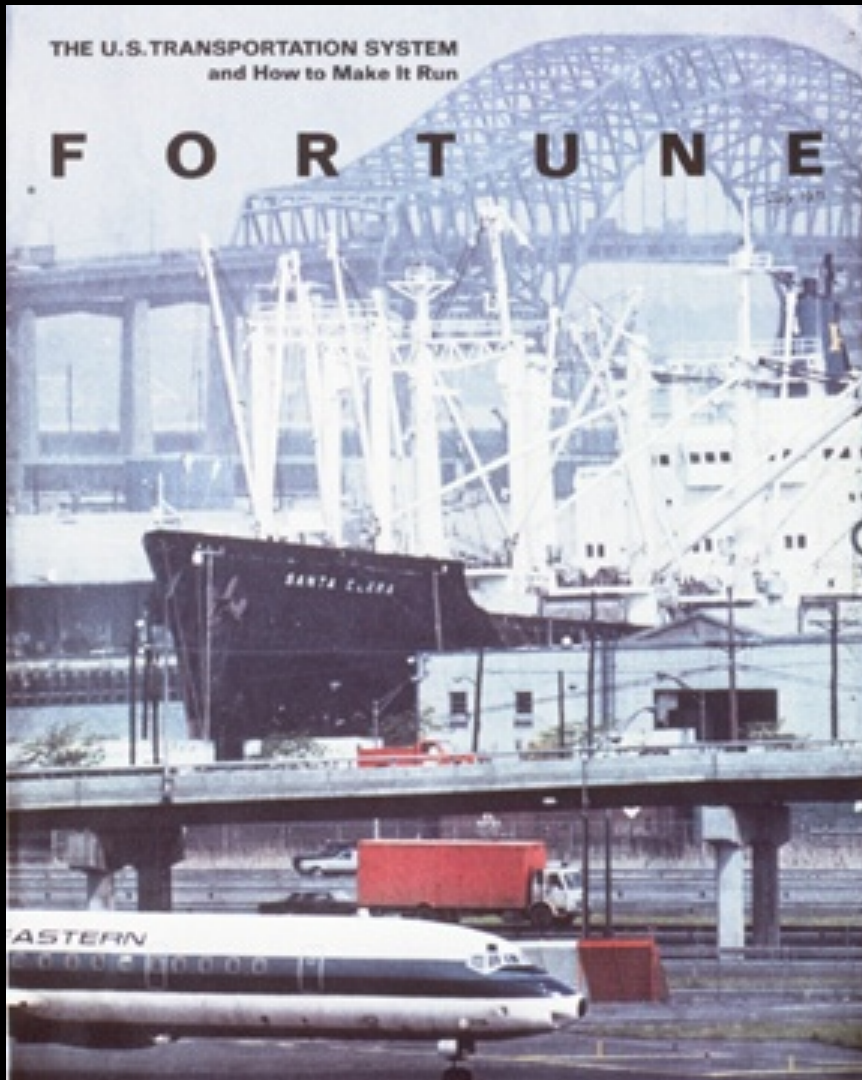
TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

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FAIRCHILD





Information and Infrastructure 1946 –

2003 – Northeast Blackout

2005 – New Orleans Flood

2007 – Minneapolis Bridge Collapse

2010 – Gulf Oil Spill

Infrastructure

- River and Rail
- Road and Airway
- Grid and Pipeline

Information and Infrastructure 1946 –

Power: Smart Grid

Energy: Wind, Solar

Materials: Composites

Information: GPS, Wi-Fi

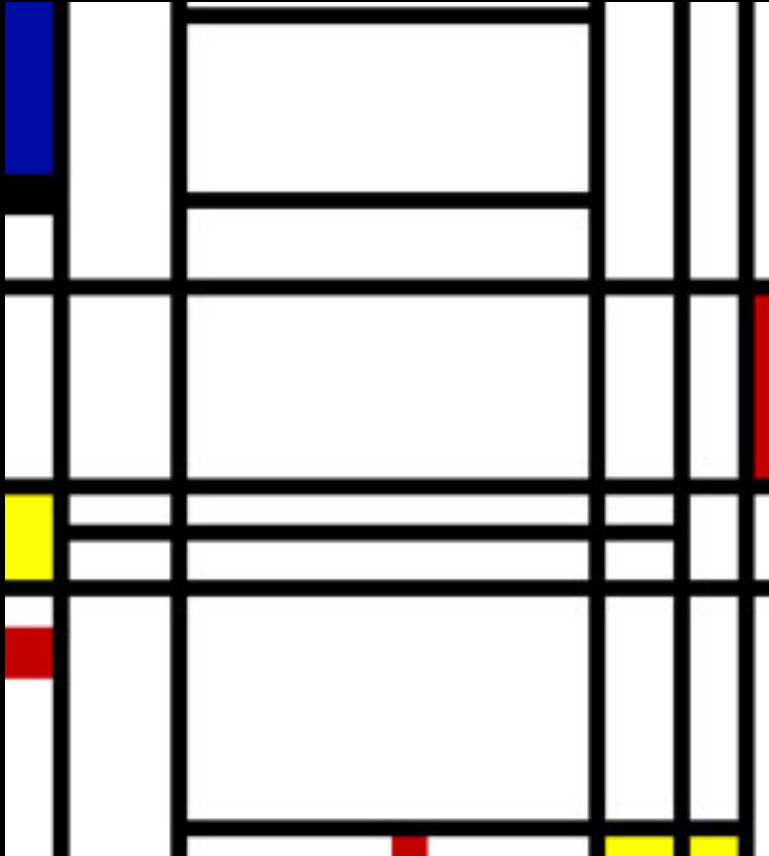
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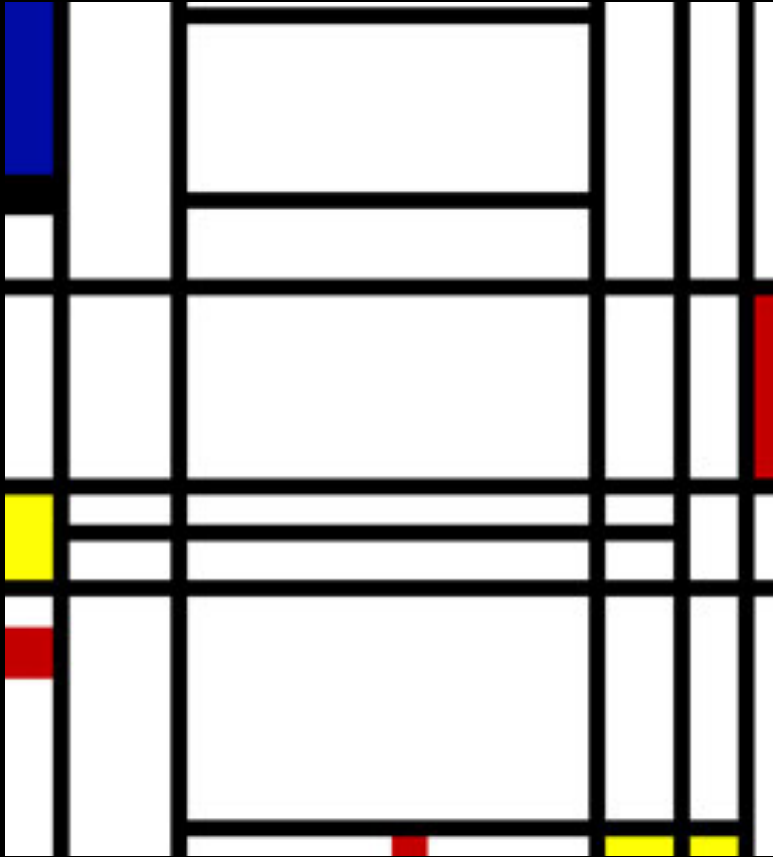
Information and Infrastructure **1946 –**

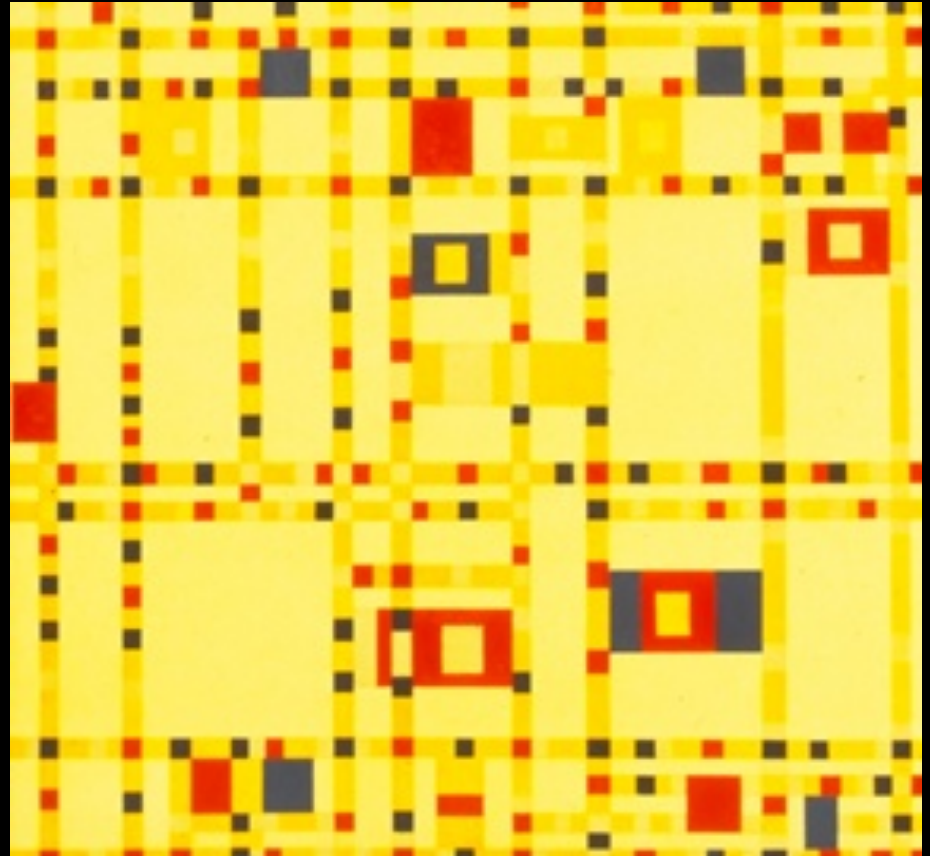
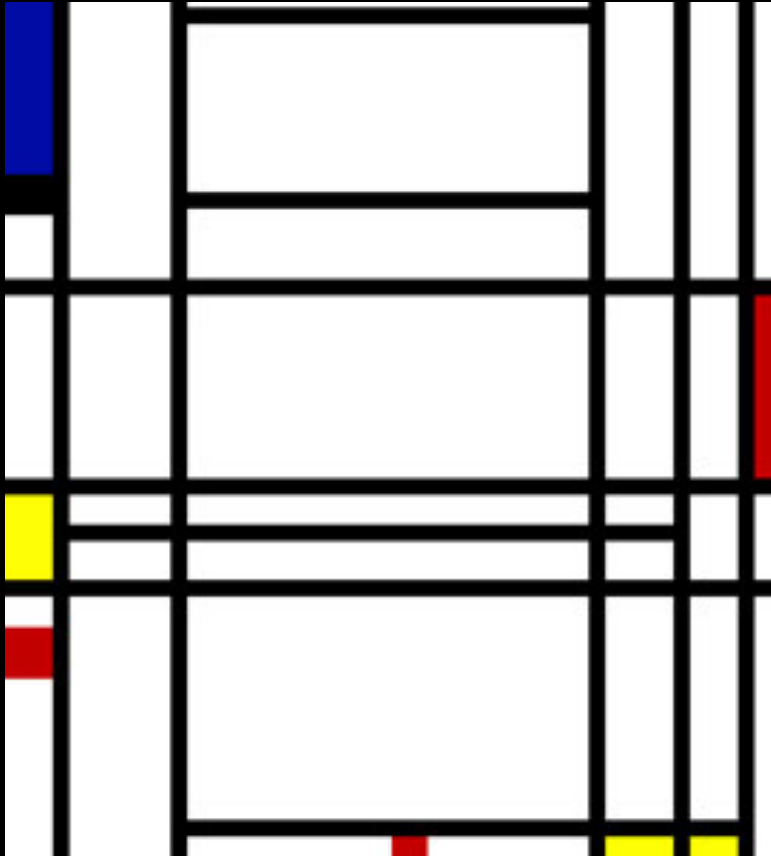
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Course Objectives

What are the great works of modern engineering?

Who are key innovators?

What are their contributions?

What was their experience?

What is a radical innovation?

How do innovations happen?

How has the modern world been transformed by engineering?

