# Frame Group

Paige, Jackie, Heather





Gas Tank

Fenders <

Frame



## Taking it apart



Whitworth wrenches



#### Frame in the Shop Manual



INDEX TO FIG. 34 19 Nut. 20 Distance piece. 21 Stand, centre. 1 Frame, front. Frame, rear. 3 Stud, seat stays. Washer, spring. 22 Spring, centre stand. 23 Bolt, stand pivot. Swinging fork. Bolt, fork spindle 25 Stand, prop. Washer, spring. 26 Bolt, prop. stand. Suspension unit. 27 Lockwasher. 28 Spring, prop. stand. 29 Cup, steering race. 30 Bolt, petrol tank fixing. 10 Support, pillion footrest, L.H 11 Support, pillion footrest, R.H. 12 Stud, support to frame. 13 Washer, spring. 32 Bolt, twinseat front. 15 Bolt, suspension unit top. 33 Nut. 16 Washer, plain. 34 Spindle, brake pedal. 17 Nut. 35 Washer, spring.

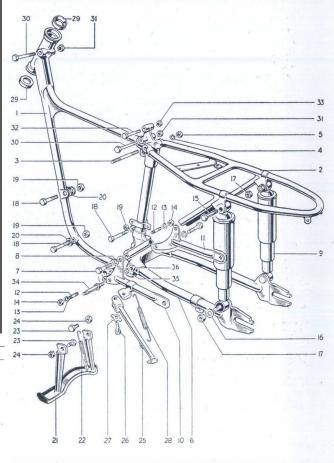
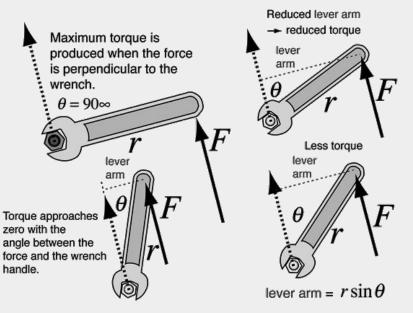


Fig. 34. FRAME AND REAR SUSPENSION.

18 Bolt, engine fixing.

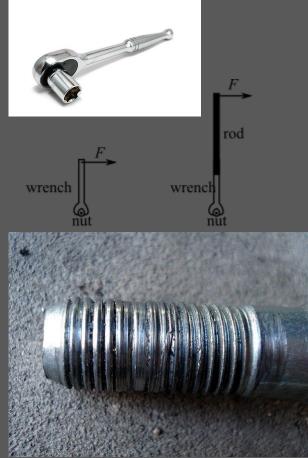
#### **Nuts & Bolts: Torque**

#### Torque on wrench = Force x lever arm



Lever arm =  $rsin\theta$ 





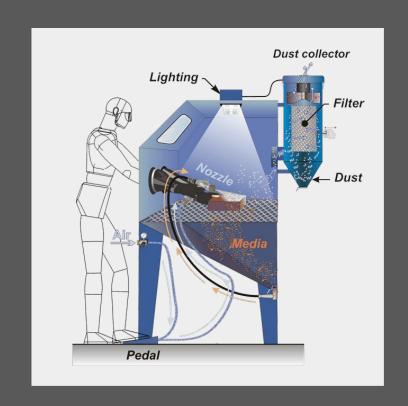
WD-40- Penetrating oil

Stripped bolt

## Sandblasting, Sanding



Sandblasting joints to find fractures before powder coating



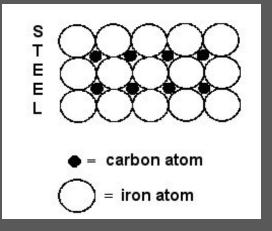
### Science: why do things break?

- improper use, overuse
- sharp edge, defect concentrates force
  - eg. sandblasting frame joints where the force is greatest bc
     where sharp edges come together
- toughness ability to absorb energy and deform without breaking
  - steel is tough because of carbon atoms in the interstitial space



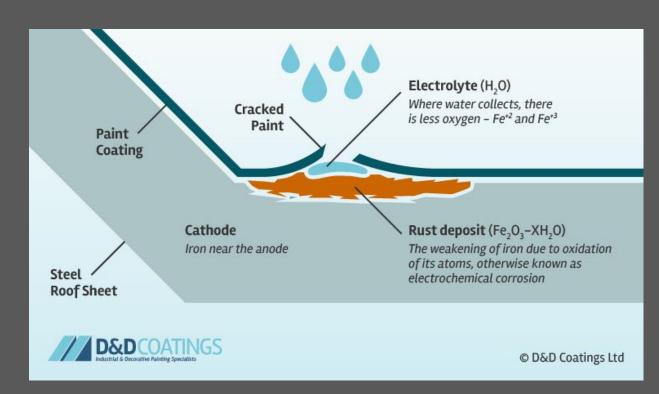
Joints sandblasted as force applied there from use risked possible fractures in the frame





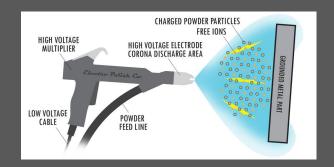
#### Science: Rust

- rust is corrosive
- iron bonds with oxygen through electrochemical rx
- iron differs from <u>iron</u>
   oxide
   (ceramic material, no conduction, brittle)
- solution:
  - paint
  - chroming
  - grease



#### **Powder Coating**

- powder stick to surface through static electricity
  - need electric field
  - sucked onto surface, coats everywhere
- could not powder coat gas tank
   because of bondo (not conductive & cannot withstand heat)





#### **Bondo + Sanding**

**Bondo:** a polyester putty commonly used as an automotive body filler, consists of a resin with a hardener mixed in

"This simple two-part solution includes a resin-based filler and a hardener. A tube of the hardener is included with Bondo® Body Filler. The consistency of both compounds is creamy, but as the hardener is blended together with the filler it acts as a catalyst, creating a chemical reaction which cures the product. This fast-curing body filler spreads easily and will adhere to correctly prepared surfaces." (from Bondo)

Why used: in order to fill in and repair imperfections in the fenders and gas tank, so that when painted they would appear as a smooth surface



**Priming & Spray Painting** 

**Primer:** used to provide a smooth and uniform surface before painting

**Wet Sanding:** using water on wet sandpaper prevents further scratches by removing particles from surface

Spray Painting: used for both decorative and protective means; since rust weakens the material, providing a barrier between air and the metal components of the frame is necessary for preventing rust from forming

**Glaze:** used to fill small cavities and micro-scratches in paint, prevents gasoline from messing up paint



## **Links to Images Used**

Torque on Wrench Stripped Bolt
Sandblasting Diagram
Steel Alloy
Cause of rust image
Power Coating