

(AND WE'RE NOT TALKING ABOUT THE UTENSIL!!!)

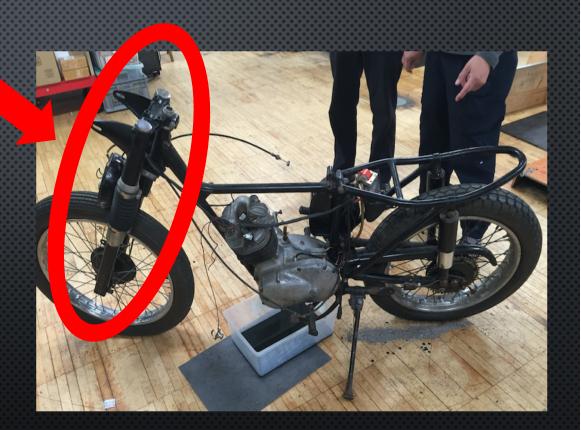


## BUT SERIOUSLY.... WHAT IS IT?!

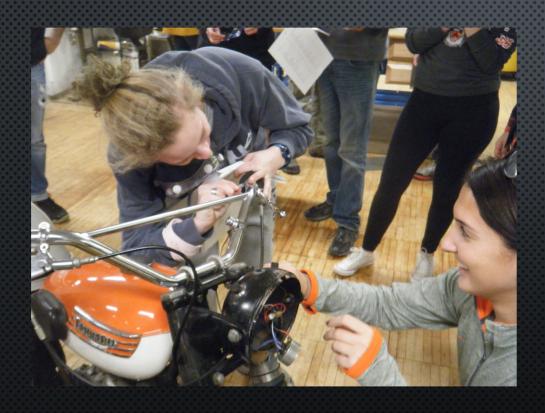
### The Fork:

- holds the front wheel
- Enables steering
- Allows for a more comfortable ride
- Handlebars are attached to fork



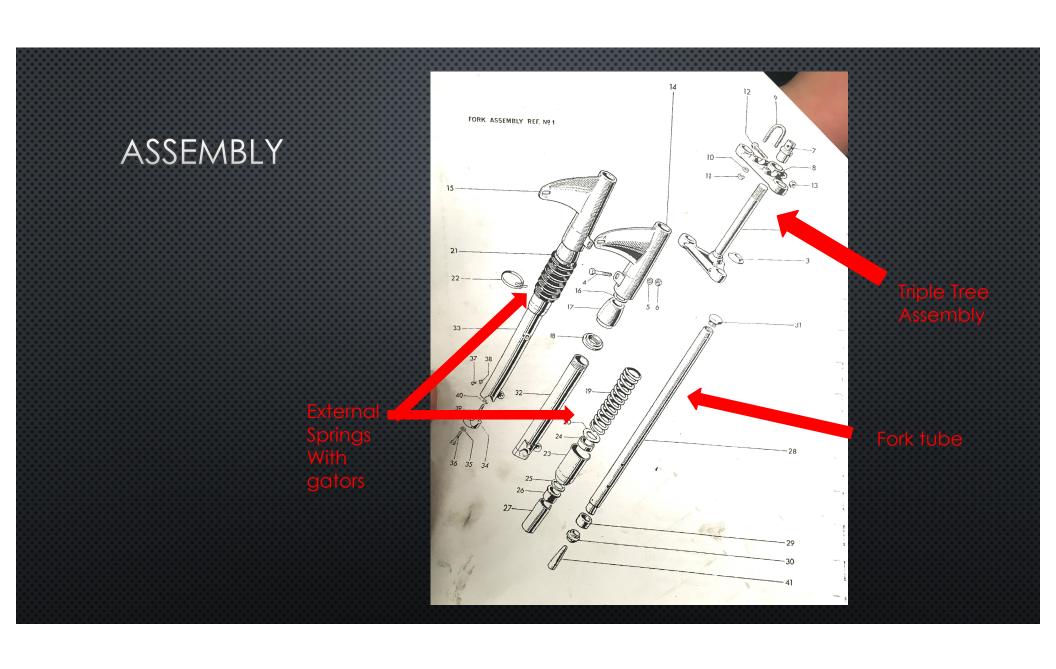


## DISASSEMBLY

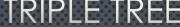








## TRIPLE TREE











- The foundation of the fork, that holds the fork tubes in place
- Contains upper and lower race with 15 ball bearings each (held in place by grease), that enables for smoother **Steering**
- Important not to tighten the fork stem sleeve nut too tightly, because it must be loose to allow for smooth steering

## REPLACING THE FORK BUSHES

New bushes

One of the important aspects of our reassembly was replacing the fork tube bushes.

- The previous fork bushes were damaged during disassembly and prior use because the old owner use the wrong bolt
- The bolt was too long, so it dented and damaged the previous bushes as the fork tube slid up and down.
- Glen made new bushes of the same shape and size.





## FORK TUBE ASSEMBLY









- Put together the fork tubes before attaching them to the triple tree assembly
- Used hot water to loosen the rubber of gaiters, soap to slip the springs inside the gaiters
- Used Tire wrenches to slip the gaiter and springs over the fork tube (hardest part of assembly)

## PUTTING IT ALL TOGETHER













- Flipped the frame upside down in order to fit the fork tubes through the triple tree assembly
- Used special tool to slide the tubes all the way inside triple tree assembly:
  - A steel tool with an adapter piece that Glen made
  - Steel tool had a handle attached to it
  - Used property of inertia to pull down the mass
- Poured oil into tubes so they can slide up and down easily

# HANDLES BARS/SPEEDOMETER





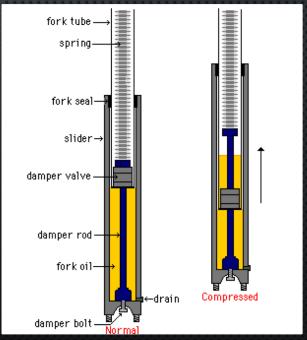
- Handle bars
- Grips
- Throttle /clutch
- Break lever
- Speedometer



## FRONT SUSPENSION

- The fork is made up of two hydraulic shock absorbers with internal or external coil springs
- These shock absorbers allow for increased comfort when riding a motorcycle
  - As the motorcycle rides over a bump, the fork tubes slide inside the fork bodies and the springs compress allowing the front wheel to remain on the ground
  - Absorb shock from bump
  - The restoring force than pushes the bike back up





## INTERNAL VS. EXTERNAL SPRINGS

#### External:

- provides for heavier duty, stiffer springs
- Making the fork tubes fatter allows for stiffer springs
- Stiffer springs are more difficult to compress, so a stronger restoring force pushes back when they are pushed down upon
- Larger restoring force is useful on a larger motorcycle ('65)

#### Internal:

- Smaller space inside the fork tube, so it is difficult to fit heavy duty springs inside
- Better for smaller, lighter motorcycles
- '52, '62 internal springs



# THANKS SO MUCH FOR A MEMORABLE SEMESTER!

Special thanks to Professor Littman, Glen, Al, and Noel for all of your help with the forks!

